## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. product identifiers

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) 305

Trade name/designation IMPRATEX Reaktionsprimer

MV: 9.5/0.5

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Relevant identified uses:

Coating material to protecting surfaces

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

Vismara Unternehmungen CH-5000 Aarau www.farbladen.ch

#### Department responsible for information:

laboratory Manager

E-mail (competent person) info@knuchel.ch

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 145 (+41 (0)44 251 51 51)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Flammable liquids Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### **Hazard pictograms**









Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

FN

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing powder or sand to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Keep locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

#### Hazard components for labelling

butan-1-ol propan-2-ol

#### Supplemental hazard information

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

EUH208 Contains Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with

N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Description** Polyvinylbutyrallack

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No.  Designation  classification // Remark	weight-%
200-661-7 67-63-0 603-117-00-0	01-2119457558-25 propan-2-ol Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336	25 - 40
200-751-6 71-36-3 603-004-00-6	01-2119484630-38 butan-1-ol Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT SE 3 H336 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE), ATE (oral): 2292 mg/kg bw	10 - 15
202-422-2 95-47-6 601-022-00-9	01-2119485822-30 Xylene Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	5 - 10
215-535-7 1330-20-7 601-022-00-9	01-2119488216-32 Xylene Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	5 - 10
204-658-1 123-86-4 607-025-00-1	01-2119485493-29 n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	5 - 10
231-944-3 01-2119485044-40 7779-90-0 trizinc bis(orthophosphate) 030-011-00-6 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410		1 - 5

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	10000 00101 1011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
203-631-1 108-94-1 606-010-00-7	01-2119453616-35 Cyclohexanone Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE), ATE (inhalation, vapour): 11.00 mg/L	1 - 5
202-849-4 100-41-4 601-023-00-4	01-2119489370-35 ethylbenzene Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304	1 - 5
201-148-0 78-83-1 603-108-00-1	01-2119484609-23 2-methylpropan-1-ol Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / STOT SE 3 H336	1 - 5
215-222-5 1314-13-2 030-013-00-7	01-2119463881-32 zinc oxide Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410	0.5 - 1
605-296-0 162627-17-0	01-2119970640-38 Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine Skin Sens. 1 H317	0.1 - 0.5

#### **Additional information**

Full text of classification: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

#### **Following ingestion**

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

#### **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 3.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limit values:

propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

WEL, TWA: 999 mg/m3; 400 ppm WEL, STEL: 1250 mg/m3; 500 ppm

butan-1-ol

Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3

WEL, STEL: 154 mg/m3; 50 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

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**Xylene** 

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 202-422-2 / CAS No. 95-47-6

WEL, TWA: 220 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Xvlene

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

WEL, TWA: 220 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin) BMGV. TWA: 650 mmol/mol creatinine

Remark: methyl hippuric acid; urine; end of exposure or end of shift

Cyclohexanone

Index No. 606-010-00-7 / EC No. 203-631-1 / CAS No. 108-94-1

WEL, TWA: 41 mg/m3; 10 ppm WEL, STEL: 82 mg/m3; 20 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

BMGV, TWA: 2 mmol/mol creatinine

Remark: cyclohexanol; urine; end of exposure or end of shift

ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4

WEL, TWA: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm WEL, STEL: 552 mg/m3; 125 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Index No. 603-108-00-1 / EC No. 201-148-0 / CAS No. 78-83-1

WEL, TWA: 154 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 231 mg/m3; 75 ppm

#### **Additional information**

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

#### **DNEL:**

**Xylene** 

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 212 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 442 mg/m³ DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 442 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 221 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 125 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 260 mg/m³ DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 260 mg/m³ DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m³ DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m³

ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 180 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 77 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 1,6 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

butan-1-ol

Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3 DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Workers: 3,125 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

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> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term oral (local): 3.125 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (local). Consumer: 55 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic). Consumer: 55 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Index No. 606-010-00-7 / EC No. 203-631-1 / CAS No. 108-94-1

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 100 mg/kg bw/day

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DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 10 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

The substance is skin resorptive (can enter the body through the skin).

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 5 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Consumer: 30 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 20 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute oral (systemic): 10 mg/kg bw/day

#### n-butvl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 102,34 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic). Workers: 888 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 26 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 319 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 89 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **Xvlene**

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 202-422-2 / CAS No. 95-47-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 212 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 125 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### PNEC:

#### **Xvlene**

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0.327 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

soil: 2,31 mg/kg

#### ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4

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PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,1 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,01 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 13,7 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 1,37 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 2,68 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 9,6 mg/L

butan-1-ol

Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,082 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0082 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 2,25 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,178 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0178 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,015 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 2476 mg/L

Cyclohexanone

Index No. 606-010-00-7 / EC No. 203-631-1 / CAS No. 108-94-1

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,0329 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0032 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,329 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,0951 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC, soil: 0,0143 mg/kg dw

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 10 mg/L

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,18 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,018 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,36 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC, soil: 0,0903 mg/kg Sediment dry weight PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 35,6 mg/L

propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 140,9 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 140,9 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 140,9 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 552 mg/kg dw PNEC sediment, marine water: 552 mg/kg dw

PNEC, soil: 28 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 2251 mg/L PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 160 mg/kg food

Xvlene

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 202-422-2 / CAS No. 95-47-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,327 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

soil: 2,31 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

## Personal protection equipment

#### Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

### **Hand protection**

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

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Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

#### Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

#### **Body protection**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:
Colour:
Colour:
Cdour:
Characteristic
Cdour threshold:
Melting point/freezing point:
Cliquid
refer to label
refer to label
not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 82 °C

Source: propan-2-ol

Flammability: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 1.49 Vol-% Upper explosion limit: 12 Vol-%

Source: propan-2-ol

Flash point: 12 °C

Method: DIN 53213

Auto-ignition temperature: 360 °C

Source: butan-1-ol not applicable not applicable 789.81 mm²/s

800 - 900 mPas

Viscosity at 20 °C: Solubility(ies):

pH at 20 °C:

Water solubility at 20 °C: partially soluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12

Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 42 mbar

Source: propan-2-ol

Density and/or relative density:

**Decomposition temperature:** 

Cinematic viscosity (40°C):

Density at 20 °C: 1.01 g/cm³

Relative vapour density: not applicable particle characteristics: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solid content: 35 weight-%

solvent content:

Organic solvents: 64 weight-% Water: 0 weight-%

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

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No information available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

**Xylene** 

oral, LD50, Rat, male: 5,523 mg/kg

Method: EU Test B.1

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat, male: 6700 ppm (4 h)

ethylbenzene

oral, LD50, Rat: 3,5 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 15,4 mg/kg

butan-1-ol

oral, LD50, Rat: 2292 mg/kg Method: OECD 401

Harmful if swallowed.

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 3430 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

Cyclohexanone

oral, LD50, Rat: 1535 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 948 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 11 mg/L (4 h)

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 10760 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 14112 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403 2-methylpropan-1-ol

oral, LD50, Rat: 2460 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 3400 mg/kg

propan-2-ol

oral, LD50, Rat: 5840 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 13900 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 25 mg/L (6 h)

Method: OECD 403

**Xylene** 

oral, LD50, Rat, male: 5,523 mg/kg

Method: EU Test B.1

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat, male: 6700 ppm (4 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

ethylbenzene

Skin, Rabbit (24 h)

Causes mild skin irritation.

eves, Rabbit

Causes slight eye irritation

butan-1-ol

Skin, Rabbit (4 h) Method: BASF - Test

eyes, Rabbit

Cyclohexanone

Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Irritating to skin and mucous membranes.

eyes

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Rabbit (4 h) Method: OECD 404 No skin irritation

eyes

Method: OECD 405 No eye irritation

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Skin (4 h)

Causes skin irritation.

eyes

Causes serious eye damage.

propan-2-ol

Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Degreases the skin and makes it dry and rough.; Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis.

eyes

Method: OECD 405

Splashes in the eyes can cause severe pain. Steam is irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Cyclohexanone

Skin: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Respiratory system: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

Mouse mouse ear swelling test (MEST)

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Skin:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory system:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

propan-2-ol

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

Buhler test

#### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

ethylbenzene

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation negative

Hamster; Mouse; ovaries

Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Carc. Cat. 2

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Method: Group II B (IARC): Possible carcinogenic to humans (ethylbenzene)

human butan-1-ol

teratogenicity, oral Method: NOAEL

Rat; 1.454 mg/kg; Toxicological effects in dams

teratogenicity, oral Method: NOAEL Rat; 5.654 mg/kg teratogenicity, inhalative Method: NOAEL

Rat: 10.8 mg/l: Toxicological effects in dams

teratogenicity, inhalative Method: NOAEL Rat; 24.7 mg/l

Reproductive toxicity, inhalative

Method: NOAEL Rat; 18.5 mg/l; parents

Reproductive toxicity, inhalative

Method: NOAEL Mouse; 18.5 mg/l; F1

#### Cyclohexanone

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. teratogenicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### n-butyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation Ames test negative.

## 2-methylpropan-1-ol

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## propan-2-ol

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Method: NOAEL (Parents)

853 mg/kg body weight/day (One-generation reproductive toxicity study; rat, Wistar, male and female)(Oral)(OECD Test Guideline 415)No negative effects.; 500 mg/kg body weight/day (Two-generation reproductive toxicity test; rat,

Sprague-Dawley, male and female)(Oral)(OECD Test Guideline 416)No negative effects.

teratogenicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Genotoxicity in vitro; Evaluation negative

(Back mutation test on bacteria; Salmonella typhimurium; with and without metabolic activation) (OECD test guideline 471) negative (in vitro gene mutation test on mammalian cells; CHO (Chinese hamster ovaries) cells; with and without metabolic activation) (OECD test guideline 476)

Genotoxicity in vivo; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 474

(In vivo microkernel test; mouse, CD1) (intraperitoneal; )

#### STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Xylene

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system

Causes damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

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Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system; hearing organs

ethylbenzene

Repeated dose toxicity, Rat: 75 mg/kg

Method OECD 407 RTECS-no.:: DA0700000

Depression of central nervous system movement disorders; headache; Vomiting

Cyclohexanone

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Evaluation Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can lead to CNS

depression and anesthesia. headache: Unconsciousness

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

human; Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).; Steam in high concentration leads to unconsciousness.

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

propan-2-ol

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Repeated oral and inhalative exposure studies have shown that effects in target organs in both male rats (kidney) and male and female mice (thyroid gland) cannot be related to humans.

**Xylene** 

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Causes damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system; hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

butan-1-ol

Aspiration hazard

Cvclohexanone

Aspiration hazard

No data available

n-butyl acetate

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation No classification for aspiration toxicity

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

propan-2-o

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Danger of aspiration if swallowed - can get into the lungs and damage them.; Aspiration can lead to pulmonary edema and pneumonia.

## Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

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#### Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Xylene** 

Fish toxicity, LC50, fish: 2,6 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, IC50, Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Daphnia magna: 1,91 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 t)

Method: OECD 301 F

ethylbenzene

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 4,2 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 1,8 - 2,4 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Skeletonema costatum: 4,9 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 7,2 mg/L (48 h)

Shellfish Toxicity, LC50, Mysidopsis bahia: > 5,2 mg/L (48 h) Toxicity of Microoganisms, EC50, microorganisms: 96 mg/L (24 h)

butan-1-ol

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 1376 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1328 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 225 mg/L

Method: OECD 201 literature value

Bacteria toxicity, EC10, Pseudomonas putida: 2476 mg/L (17 h)

Method: DIN 38412

Cvclohexanone

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 527 - 732 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50: 820 mg/L (48 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe) 536 - 752 (48 h)

Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 800 mg/L (24 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 820 (24 h) Algae toxicity, EC50, Chlamydomonas reinhardii: 32,9 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, EC10, Chlamydomonas reinhardii: 3,56 mg/L (72 h)

n-butvl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, ErC50

Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 647,7 mg/L (72 h)

(Growth inhibition)

## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Algae toxicity, NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 200 mg/L Bacteria toxicity, IC50, Tetrahymena: 356 mg/L (40 h)

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Fish toxicity, LC50, Gambusia affinis: 1800 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: 1250 mg/L (24 h)

propan-2-ol

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 9640 mg/L (96 h)

FN

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Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, Daphnia magna: 9714 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Static test

Algae toxicity, EC50, Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 100 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, LOEC:: 1000 mg/L (8 d)

Bacteria toxicity: 100 mg/L ; Evaluation No harmful effect

**Xylene** 

Fish toxicity, LC50, fish: 2,6 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, IC50, Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Daphnia magna: 1,91 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 t)

Method: OECD 301 F Long-term Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Xylene** 

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,36 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, NOEC, fish: > 1,3 mg/L (56 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 1,17 mg/L (7 d)

Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna: 2,9 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,16 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,72 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

ethylbenzene

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 0,96 mg/L (7 d) Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 3,6 mg/L (7 d)

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Nitrosomonas sp: 96 mg/L (24 h)

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 3,4 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 1,7 mg/L (7 d)

butan-1-ol

Daphnia toxicity, NOEL, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 4,1 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Xylene

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,36 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Fish toxicity, NOEC, fish: > 1,3 mg/L (56 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 1,17 mg/L (7 d)

Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna: 2,9 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; 2.2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,16 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,72 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Xvlene** 

Persistence and degradability:

Method: Rapid photochemical oxidation in air

Biodegradation: 98 percent (28 d)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

ethylbenzene

Biodegradation, aerobic: 70 - 80 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

butan-1-ol

Biodegradation: 92 percent (20 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

aerobic.; Activated sludge; Biochemical oxygen demand

Cyclohexanone

Persistence and degradability:

No data available

Biodegradation: 90 - 100 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria); Exposure

duration: 14 days = 87 %

n-butyl acetate

Persistence and degradability: Evaluation No data available

Biodegradation: 83 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301D

aerobic.

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

propan-2-ol

Persistence and degradability:

Transformation by hydrolysis is not expected to be significant.

Biodegradation: 53 percent; Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

aerobic; domestic waste water; related to: O2 consumption; exposure duration: 5d)(Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.5.

**Xylene** 

Persistence and degradability:

Method: Rapid photochemical oxidation in air

Biodegradation: 98 percent (28 d)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Xylene** 

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49

ethylbenzene

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6

butan-1-ol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Bioaccumulation is not to be expected.

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 0,88

Cyclohexanone

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 0,86 ; Evaluation The product has a low bioaccumulation potential

n-butyl acetate

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW):

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No data available

propan-2-ol

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 0,05 ; Evaluation Bioaccumulation is not to be expected.

Xvlene

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Xvlene** 

soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water

butan-1-ol

Mobility in soil:

The substance does not evaporate from the water surface into the atmosphere.; Does not adsorb to the ground.

Cvclohexanone

soil: Evaluation Highly mobile in the ground

n-butyl acetate

:

No data available

2-methylpropan-1-ol

soil:

No further relevant information available.

propan-2-ol

Water: Evaluation The product is water soluble.

soil: Evaluation Mobile in the ground

**Xylene** 

soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Appropriate disposal / Product

#### Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

\*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

## Appropriate disposal / Package

#### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint Sea transport (IMDG): PAINT Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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14.4. Packing group

Land transport (ADR/RID):

for packages > 450 litres:

Sea transport (IMDG):

for packages > 450 litres:

II

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):

III

for packages > 30 litres:

II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) UMWELTGEFÄHRDEND

Marine pollutant p

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

#### **Further information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code E for packages > 450 litres: D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

in packages <= 5 litres not restricted 2.10.2.7

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** legislation

#### Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L): 653

## **National regulations**

### Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

### For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No.	Designation	REACH No.
CAS No.		
200-661-7	propan-2-ol	01-2119457558-25
67-63-0		
200-751-6	butan-1-ol	01-2119484630-38
71-36-3		
202-422-2	Xylene	01-2119485822-30
95-47-6		
215-535-7	Xylene	01-2119488216-32
1330-20-7		
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
123-86-4		
231-944-3	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	01-2119485044-40
7779-90-0		
203-631-1	Cyclohexanone	01-2119453616-35
108-94-1		

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202-849-4 100-41-4	ethylbenzene	01-2119489370-35
201-148-0 78-83-1	2-methylpropan-1-ol	01-2119484609-23
215-222-5 1314-13-2	zinc oxide	01-2119463881-32
605-296-0 162627-17-0	Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine	01-2119970640-38

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of classification in section 3

Flammable liquids Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Eve Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. STOT-single exposure STOT SE 3 / H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute toxicity (oral) Harmful if swallowed. Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eve damage. Eve Dam. 1 / H318 STOT-single exposure STOT SE 3 / H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute toxicity (dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled.

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. STOT RE 2 / H373 STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or state all

organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

Aguatic Acute 1 / H400 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flammable liquids Flam. Liq. 2 On basis of test data. Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Calculation method. Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Calculation method.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADR

Occupational Exposure Limit Value OEL

**BLV** Biological Limit Value CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Classification, Labelling and Packaging CLP **CMR** Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard DIN

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

**EAKV** European Waste Catalogue Directive

**Effective Concentration** EC EC **European Community** European Standard ΕN

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

**IMDG Code** International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods International Organization for Standardization ISO

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

## according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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**OECD** Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic **PNEC** Predicted No Effect Concentration

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals **REACH** 

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN **United Nations** 

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.