# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878



Article No.: 374 BRILAC Härter

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. product identifiers

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) 374

Trade name/designation BRILAC Härter

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Relevant identified uses:

Coating material to protecting surfaces

## 3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

Vismara Unternehmungen CH-5000 Aarau www.farbladen.ch

## Department responsible for information:

laboratory Manager

E-mail (competent person) info@knuchel.ch

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 145 (+41 (0)44 251 51 51)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 1.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. STOT-repeated exposure STOT RE 2 / H373 May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Hazardous to t

2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Hazard pictograms







**Danger** 

## **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

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P260	Do not breathe vapour.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly a

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing powder or sand to extinguish.
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Keep locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

## Hazard components for labelling

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Xylene dipentene

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

## Supplemental hazard information

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Description** polyisocyanate hardener, containing the following hazardous substances:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No.  Designation  classification // Remark	weight-%
215-535-7 1330-20-7 601-022-00-9	01-2119488216-32 Xylene Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	25 - 40
203-603-9 108-65-6 607-195-00-7	01-2119475791-29 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Substance with a common (EC) occupational exposure limit value.	15 - 25
500-125-5 53880-05-0	01-2119488734-24 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Skin Sens. 1 H317 / STOT SE 3 H335	15 - 25
202-849-4 100-41-4 601-023-00-4	01-2119489370-35 ethylbenzene Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304	5 - 10
204-658-1 123-86-4 607-025-00-1	01-2119485493-29 n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	1 - 5

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101011.	0.0	10000 0010: 10:12:2	1 age 07 17	
265-199-0 64742-95- 649-356-0	6	01-2119455851-35 Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. 1 H336 / Aquatic Chronic 2 H4	Tox. 1 H304 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT SE 3	1 - 5
223-810-8 4083-64-1 615-012-0		H317 / STOT SE 3 H335 /	2 H319 / Resp. Sens. 1 H334 / Skin Sens. 1 EUH014 SCL): Eye Irrit. 2 H319 >= 5 / STOT SE 3	0.5 - 1
205-341-0 138-86-3 601-029-0		dipentene Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Se Chronic 1 H410 / Flam. Liq.	ens. 1 H317 / Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic 3 H226	0.1 - 0.5

#### Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

## Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

## After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

## Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

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Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

## Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

#### **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2.

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

## Occupational exposure limit values:

**Xylene** 

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

WEL. TWA: 220 mg/m3: 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

BMGV, TWA: 650 mmol/mol creatinine

Remark: methyl hippuric acid; urine; end of exposure or end of shift

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

WEL, TWA: 274 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 548 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

EC No. 500-125-5 / CAS No. 53880-05-0

WEL, TWA: 0.02 mg/m3

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WEL, STEL: 0.07 mg/m3

BMGV, TWA: 1 µmol/mol creatinine

Remark: isocyanate-derived diamine; urine; end of exposure or end of shift

ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4

WEL, TWA: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm WEL, STEL: 552 mg/m3; 125 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Index No. 649-356-00-4 / EC No. 265-199-0 / CAS No. 64742-95-6

WEL, TWA: 500 mg/m3 Remark: (Aromatics)

Additional information

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

#### **DNEL:**

**Xylene** 

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 212 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 442 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 125 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 260 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 260 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 180 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 1,6 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### dipentene

Index No. 601-029-00-7 / EC No. 205-341-0 / CAS No. 138-86-3

DNEL long-term dermal (local), Workers: 0,8 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 0,8 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 5,69 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NOAEC long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 142 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NOAEL Long term dermal (systemic), Workers: 142 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (local), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 1 mg/m3

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 1 mg/m³

NOAEC long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 50,6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NOAEL Long term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 102 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL Long-term oral (systemic), Consumer: 102 mg/kg bw/day

## n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 102,34 mg/m³

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Workers: 1,67 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 54,8 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 33 mg/m³

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

EC No. 500-125-5 / CAS No. 53880-05-0

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 0,29 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Index No. 649-356-00-4 / EC No. 265-199-0 / CAS No. 64742-95-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 25 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 150 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 11 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 11 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 32 mg/m³

#### PNEC:

#### **Xylene**

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,327 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg

PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

soil: 2,31 mg/kg

#### ethylbenzene

Index No. 601-023-00-4 / EC No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,1 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,01 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 13,7 mg/kg

PNEC sediment, marine water: 1,37 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 2,68 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 9,6 mg/L

#### dipentene

index No. 601-029-00-7 / EC No. 205-341-0 / CAS No. 138-86-3

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,44 µg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,044 µg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 104 µg/kg dw

PNEC sediment, marine water: 10,4 µg/kg dw

PNEC, soil: 20,8 µg/kg dw

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 3,26 mg/L

PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 13,1 mg/kg food

## n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,18 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,018 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,36 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC, soil: 0,0903 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 35,6 mg/L

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,635 mg/cm<sup>3</sup>

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0635 mg/cm<sup>3</sup>

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 6,35 mg/cm<sup>3</sup>

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 3,29 mg/cm3

PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,329 mg/cm3

PNEC, soil: 0,29 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/cm3

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EC No. 500-125-5 / CAS No. 53880-05-0 PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,0015 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0002 mg/L PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

## Personal protection equipment

#### Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0.4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

#### Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

#### **Body protection**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: refer to label characteristic Odour: **Odour threshold:** not applicable Melting point/freezing point: not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 136 °C

Source: ethylbenzene

Flammability: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 0.98 Vol-% **Upper explosion limit:** 8 Vol-%

Source: Xylene

25°C Flash point:

Method: DIN 53213

Auto-ignition temperature:

Source: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

**Decomposition temperature:** not applicable pH at 20 °C: not applicable Cinematic viscosity (40°C): < 20 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

10 - 12 sec DIN 4mm Viscosity at 20 °C:

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12 Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 9.52 mbar

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Source: ethylbenzene

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 0.94 g/cm³

Relative vapour density: not applicable particle characteristics: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solid content: 21 weight-%

solvent content:

Organic solvents: 79 weight-% Water: 0 weight-%

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

**Xylene** 

oral, LD50, Rat, male: 5,523 mg/kg

Method: EU Test B.1

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat, male: 6700 ppm (4 h)

ethylbenzene

oral, LD50, Rat: 3,5 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 15,4 mg/kg

dipentene

oral, LD50, Rat: 5300 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 10760 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 14112 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

oral, LD50, Rat: > 14000 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rat: > 7000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 5 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

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oral, LD50, Rat: 3492 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 3160 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

ethylbenzene

Skin, Rabbit (24 h)

Causes mild skin irritation.

eyes, Rabbit

Causes slight eye irritation

dipentene

Skin (4 h)

Causes skin irritation.

eyes

No data available

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Rabbit (4 h) Method: OECD 404

No skin irritation eyes

Method: OECD 405 No eye irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Not to be classified as skin etching/irritant.

eyes

Not to be classified as severe eye damage or eye irritation.

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Skin, Rabbit (4 h) Method: OECD 404

non-irritant. eyes, Rabbit

Method: OECD 405 No eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Not to be classified as skin etching/irritant.

eyes

Method: OECD 405

Not to be classified as severe eye damage or eye irritation.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

dipentene

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Skin}}\xspace$  ; Evaluation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

Mouse mouse ear swelling test (MEST)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Skin: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406 Respiratory system: No data available

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Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Skin, Mouse: ; Evaluation positive

Method: Oecd 429 Respiratory system: No data available

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Skin:

Method: OECD 406

Not to be classified as skin sensitising.

Respiratory system: No data available

## CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

ethylbenzene

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation negative

Hamster; Mouse; ovaries

Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Carc. Cat. 2

Method: Group II B (IARC): Possible carcinogenic to humans (ethylbenzene)

human

dipentene

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Lactation

No data available

n-butyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation Ames test negative.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Lactation

No data available

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

The available data do not provide any indications of reproductive toxicity.

Genotoxicity in vitro

Method: OECD 471 (Ames test)

Metabolic activation: with/without; No evidence of a mutagenic effect.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not to be classified as germ cell mutagen (mutagen).

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

## STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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#### **Xylene**

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system

Causes damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system; hearing organs

#### ethylbenzene

Repeated dose toxicity, Rat: 75 mg/kg

Method OECD 407 RTECS-no.:; DA0700000

Depression of central nervous system movement disorders; headache; Vomiting

#### dipentene

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

### n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

human; Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).; Steam in high concentration leads to unconsciousness.

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

#### Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Evaluation May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation.; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

## **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### dipentene

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## n-butyl acetate

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation No classification for aspiration toxicity

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Aspiration hazard

Not to be classified as aspirational.

## Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye

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irritation and reversible damage.

### Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

## 12.1. Toxicity

**Xylene** 

Fish toxicity, LC50, fish: 2,6 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; 4.6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, IC50, Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Daphnia magna: 1,91 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 t)

Method: OECD 301 F

ethylbenzene

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 4,2 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 1,8 - 2,4 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Skeletonema costatum: 4,9 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 7,2 mg/L (48 h)

Shellfish Toxicity, LC50, Mysidopsis bahia: > 5,2 mg/L (48 h)
Toxicity of Microganisms. EC50, microgranisms: 96 mg/L (24 h)

dipentene

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 0,7 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia pulex (water flea) 0,42 - 0,73 mg/L (48 h)

Assessment of aquatic toxicity, LC50, Danio rerio (zebrafish): 0,32 mg/L (96 h); Evaluation Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Method: OECD 203

Assessment of aquatic toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 0,8 mg/L (48 h); Evaluation Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Method: OECD 202

Assessment of aquatic toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,45 mg/L (72 h); Evaluation Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Method: OECD 201

n-butyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, ErC50

Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 647,7 mg/L (72 h)

(Growth inhibition)

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 200 mg/L Bacteria toxicity, IC50, Tetrahymena: 356 mg/L (40 h)

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Fish toxicity, LC50, Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp): > 1,51 mg/L (96 h)

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Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,36 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 3,1 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201 growth inhibition

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Activated sludge: > 10000 mg/L (3 h)

Method: OECD 209 respiratory inhibition
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna: 3,2 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 3,8 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LL50:, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 9,2 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Long-term Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Xylene** 

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,36 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, NOEC, fish: > 1,3 mg/L (56 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 1,17 mg/L (7 d)

Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna: 2,9 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,16 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,72 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

ethylbenzene

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 0,96 mg/L (7 d) Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 3,6 mg/L (7 d)

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Nitrosomonas sp: 96 mg/L (24 h)

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 3,4 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Ceriodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 1,7 mg/L (7 d)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,07 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Xylene** 

Persistence and degradability:

Method: Rapid photochemical oxidation in air

Biodegradation: 98 percent (28 d)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

ethylbenzene

Biodegradation, aerobic: 70 - 80 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

dipentene

Biodegradation: > 87 percent Method: OECD 301D

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

n-butyl acetate

Persistence and degradability: Evaluation No data available

Biodegradation: 83 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301D

aerobic.

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2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Persistence and degradability:

No data available

Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Isophorone diisocvanate oligomer

Biodegradation: 28 percent (28 d); Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301F aerobic; Activated sludge Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Xylene** 

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49

ethylbenzene

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6

dipentene

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible.

n-butvl acetate

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW):

No data available

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Xylene

soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water

dipentene

soil:

No data available

n-butyl acetate

:

No data available

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer

Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water.

Method: OECD 111

Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

soil:

No data available

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product Recommendation

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Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

\*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

## Appropriate disposal / Package

#### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint Sea transport (IMDG): PAINT Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable
Marine pollutant not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

## **Further information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

14.7. **Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** 

## No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** legislation

## Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L): 746

### **National regulations**

## Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

## For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
215-535-7	Xylene	01-2119488216-32
1330-20-7	•	

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		- 3 -
203-603-9 108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29
500-125-5 53880-05-0	Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer	01-2119488734-24
202-849-4 100-41-4	ethylbenzene	01-2119489370-35
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
265-199-0 64742-95-6	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	01-2119455851-35
223-810-8 4083-64-1	4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	01-2119980050-47

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of classification in section 3

Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute toxicity (dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2 / H373 STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or

TOT RE 2 / H373 STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively preven that no other route of

is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226

Skin Sens. 1 / H317

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225

STOT SE 3 / H336

Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411

Flammable liquids

Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

## Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flammable liquids On basis of test data. Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Calculation method. Eye Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Calculation method. Skin Sens. 1 Respiratory or skin sensitisation Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method. STOT-repeated exposure STOT RE 2 Calculation method. Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Calculation method.

## Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

BLV Biological Limit Value CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DIN German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC Effective Concentration
EC European Community
EN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

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IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI

International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

**MARPOL** Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development **OECD** 

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic **PNEC** Predicted No Effect Concentration

**REACH** Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN **United Nations** 

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.