according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SPOT-FILLER Füller & Primer Article No.: 736

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

product identifiers

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) 736

Trade name/designation SPOT-FILLER Füller & Primer

UFI: 5R6V-25QQ-D99H-MC6G

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3.

supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

Vismara Unternehmungen CH-5000 Aarau www.farbladen.ch

Department responsible for information:

laboratory Manager

E-mail (competent person) info@knuchel.ch

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 145 (+41 (0)44 251 51 51)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Extremely flammable aerosol. Aerosol 1 / H222 Aerosol

Aerosol 1 / H229 Aerosol Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Eve Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eve irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure

Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms





Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Read carefully and follow all instructions. P103

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eve/face protection. P280

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Keep locked up.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

Hazard components for labelling

Acetone

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH208 Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700; Fatty

acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and

1,3-propanediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description solvent-based alkyd resin, containing the following hazardous substances:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No.	REACH No.	woight %
Index No.	Designation classification // Remark	weight-%
204-065-8	01-2119472128-37	
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	40 - 60
603-019-00-8	Flam. Gas 1 H220 / Press. Gas	
	Substance with a common (EC) occupational exposure limit value.	
200-662-2	01-2119471330-49	
67-64-1	Acetone	15 - 25
606-001-00-8	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
200-661-7	01-2119457558-25	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	1 - 5
603-117-00-0	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336	
215-535-7	01-2119488216-32	
1330-20-7	Xylene	1 - 5
601-022-00-9	Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
203-603-9	01-2119475791-29	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - 5
607-195-00-7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
	Substance with a common (EC) occupational exposure limit value.	
205-500-4	01-2119475103-46	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	1 - 5
607-022-00-5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
216-823-5	01-2119456619-26	
1675-54-3	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight	0.5 - 1
603-073-00-2	≤ 700	
	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 Specific concentration limit (SCL): Eye Irrit. 2 H319 >= 5 / Skin Irrit. 2	
605 206 0	H315 >= 5	
605-296-0 162627-17-0	01-2119970640-38 Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine Skin Sens. 1 H317	0.1 - 0.5

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes

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and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values:

dimethyl ether

Index No. 603-019-00-8 / EC No. 204-065-8 / CAS No. 115-10-6

WEL, TWA: 766 mg/m3; 400 ppm WEL, STEL: 958 mg/m3; 500 ppm

Acetone

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

WEL, TWA: 1210 mg/m3; 500 ppm WEL, STEL: 3620 mg/m3; 1500 ppm

propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

WEL, TWA: 999 mg/m3; 400 ppm WEL, STEL: 1250 mg/m3; 500 ppm

Xvlene

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

WEL, TWA: 220 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin) BMGV. TWA: 650 mmol/mol creatinine

Remark: methyl hippuric acid; urine; end of exposure or end of shift

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

WEL, TWA: 274 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 548 mg/m3; 100 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

WEL, TWA: 734 mg/m3; 200 ppm WEL, STEL: 1468 mg/m3; 400 ppm

Additional information

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value

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STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

DNEL:

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Index No. 603-073-00-2 / EC No. 216-823-5 / CAS No. 1675-54-3

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 8,33 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 8,33 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 12,25 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 12,25 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 0,75 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Consumer: 3,571 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 3,571 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 0,75 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 0,75 mg/m³

DNEL short-term oral (systemic), Consumer: 0,75 mg/kg bw/day

Xvlene

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 212 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 442 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 442 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic). Workers: 221 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 125 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 260 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 260 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m³

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 63 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 1468 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1468 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 734 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 734 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 4,5 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 37 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 734 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 734 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 367 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 367 mg/m³

Acetone

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 186 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 2420 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1210 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 62 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 62 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 200 mg/m³

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Workers:

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 480 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 102,34 mg/m³

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Workers: 1,67 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 54,8 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 33 mg/m³

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 888 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 500 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 26 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 319 mg/kg bw/day DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 89 mg/m³

dimethyl ether

Index No. 603-019-00-8 / EC No. 204-065-8 / CAS No. 115-10-6 DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1894 mg/m³

PNEC:

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Index No. 603-073-00-2 / EC No. 216-823-5 / CAS No. 1675-54-3

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,006 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0006 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,018 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,996 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0996 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,196 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 10 mg/L

PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 11 mg/kg

Xylene

Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,327 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

soil: 2,31 mg/kg

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,24 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,024 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 1,65 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1,15 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,115 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,148 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 650 mg/L PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 200 mg/kg food

Acetone

Index No. 606-001-00-8 / EC No. 200-662-2 / CAS No. 67-64-1

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 10,6 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 1,06 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 21 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 30,4 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 3,04 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 29,5 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,18 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,018 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,36 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight

PNEC, soil: 0,0903 mg/kg Sediment dry weight PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 35,6 mg/L

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,635 mg/cm³ PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0635 mg/cm³ PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 6,35 mg/cm³ PNEC sediment, freshwater: 3,29 mg/cm³ PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,329 mg/cm³

PNEC. soil: 0.29 mg/m3

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/cm³

propan-2-ol

Index No. 603-117-00-0 / EC No. 200-661-7 / CAS No. 67-63-0

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 140,9 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 140,9 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 140,9 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 552 mg/kg dw PNEC sediment, marine water: 552 mg/kg dw

PNEC, soil: 28 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 2251 mg/L PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 160 mg/kg food

dimethyl ether

Index No. 603-019-00-8 / EC No. 204-065-8 / CAS No. 115-10-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,155 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,016 mg/L PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 1,549 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,681 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,069 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,045 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 160 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:
Colour:
Colour:
Cdour:
Cdour:
Cdour threshold:
Melting point/freezing point:
Liquid
refer to label
refer to label
not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: -25 °C

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Source: dimethyl ether

Flammability: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 2.79 Vol-% Upper explosion limit: 27 Vol-%

Source: dimethyl ether

Flash point: -100 °C

Method: DIN 53213

Auto-ignition temperature: 226 °C

Source: dimethyl ether

Decomposition temperature: not applicable pH at 20 °C: not applicable Cinematic viscosity (40°C): < 80 mm²/s

Viscosity at 20 °C: 20 s 4 mm

Method: DIN 53211

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: partially soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 5333 mbar

Source: dimethyl ether

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C:

Relative vapour density:

particle characteristics:

0.81 g/cm³

not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solid content: 16 weight-%

solvent content:

Organic solvents: 84 weight-% Water: 0 weight-%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700 oral, LD50, Rat: 11400 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 23000 mg/kg

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Xylene

oral, LD50, Rat, male: 5,523 mg/kg

Method: EU Test B.1

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat, male: 6700 ppm (4 h)

Ethyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 5620 mg/kg

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 20000 mg/kg

oral, LD50, Rabbit: 4934 Method: OECD 401

inhalative (vapours), LC0, Rat: 29,3 (4 h) inhalative (vapours), LCLo, Rat: > 6000 ppm (6 h) inhalative (vapours), LD50, Rabbit, male: > 2000 mg/kg

Acetone

oral, LD50, Rat: 5800 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

May cause mouth and throat pain, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, headache and unconsciousness.

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 7400 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 76 mg/L (4 h)

May cause pain in nose and throat, nausea, dizziness, headache, loss of responsiveness and unconsciousness at high

concentrations.

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 10760 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 14112 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

propan-2-ol

oral, LD50, Rat: 5840 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 13900 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 25 mg/L (6 h)

Method: OECD 403

dimethyl ether

inhalative (Gases), LC50, Rat: 164000 ppmV (4 h) Behavior: Ataxia. Behavior: Narcotic behavior: Coma

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Skin, Rabbit (4 h)

Irritant

eyes, Rabbit

Irritant

Ethyl acetate

Skin (4 h)

No skin irritation (rabbit). Degreases the skin and makes it dry and rough. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can lead to dermatitis.

eyes

Moderate eye irritation (rabbit).

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Rabbit (4 h)
Method: OECD 404
No skin irritation

eyes

Method: OECD 405

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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No eve irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Not to be classified as skin etching/irritant.

eves

Not to be classified as severe eye damage or eye irritation.

propan-2-ol Skin (4 h)

Method: OECD 404

Degreases the skin and makes it dry and rough.; Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis.

eyes

Method: OECD 405

Splashes in the eyes can cause severe pain. Steam is irritant.

dimethyl ether Skin (4 h)

No effects of the product known.

eyes

No effects of the product known.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Skin:

No data available Respiratory system: No data available

Ethyl acetate

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising

Method: OECD 406 Maximization test

n-butyl acetate

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

Mouse mouse ear swelling test (MEST)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Skin: : Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406 Respiratory system: No data available

propan-2-ol

Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

Buhler test dimethyl ether

Skin:

No effects of the product known.

Respiratory system:

No effects of the product known.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation positive

Method: OECD 471 (Ames test)
Carcinogenicity; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 453

Rat; oral; 2 years; 7 days per week

Reproductive toxicity Method: OECD 416 Rat; oral: 540 mg/kg NOEL

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation positive

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Method: OECD 476

In vitro gene mutation test on mammalian cells Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 478

Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test

Carcinogenicity: Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 453

Rat; dermal; 2 years; 5 days per week Carcinogenicity; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 453

Mouse; dermal; 2 years; 3 days per week

teratogenicity
Method: OECD 414

Rat, female; >540 mg/kg NOEL

teratogenicity Method: EPA CFR

Rabbit, female; > 300 mg/kg NOEL

teratogenicity Method: OECD 414

Rabbit, female; 180 mg/kg NOAEL

Ethyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects. Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Didn't show any carcinogenic effects in animal tests.

Reproductive toxicity; Evaluation No reproductive toxicity

Genotoxicity in vitro: Evaluation negative

(Chromosome aberration test in vitro; CHO (Chinese hamster ovaries) cells; with and without metabolic activation) (OECD

Test Guideline 473).; (Back mutation test on bacteria; Salmonella typhimurium) (OECD test guideline 471).

Genotoxicity in vivo; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 474

(Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Chinese hamster, male and female) (Oral).

n-butyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation Ames test negative.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Lactation

No data available

propan-2-ol

Germ cell mutagenicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Method: NOAEL (Parents)

853 mg/kg body weight/day (One-generation reproductive toxicity study; rat, Wistar, male and female)(Oral)(OECD Test Guideline 415)No negative effects.; 500 mg/kg body weight/day (Two-generation reproductive toxicity test; rat,

Sprague-Dawley, male and female)(Oral)(OECD Test Guideline 416)No negative effects.

teratogenicity; Evaluation In vitro tests showed no mutagenic effects.

Genotoxicity in vitro; Evaluation negative

(Back mutation test on bacteria; Salmonella typhimurium; with and without metabolic activation) (OECD test guideline 471) negative (in vitro gene mutation test on mammalian cells; CHO (Chinese hamster ovaries) cells; with and without metabolic activation) (OECD test guideline 476)

Genotoxicity in vivo; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 474

(In vivo microkernel test; mouse, CD1) (intraperitoneal;)

dimethyl ether

Germ cell mutagenicity

No effects of the product known.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Carcinogenicity

No effects of the product known.

Reproductive toxicity

No effects of the product known.

Lactation

No effects of the product known.

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Xylene

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system

Causes damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Liver and kidney damage; central nervous system; hearing organs

Ethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Inhalation; central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Repeated dose toxicity: 900 mg/kg

Method NOAEL

Repeated dose toxicity, Rat: 3600 mg/kg (92 d)

Method LOAEL

oral

Repeated dose toxicity, Rat: 350 ppm (94 d)

Method NOEC

inhalative (vapours); 5 days/week

Repeated dose toxicity, Rat: 350 ppm (94 d)

Method LOEC:

inhalative (vapours); 5 days/week

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

human; Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).; Steam in high concentration leads to unconsciousness.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

propan-2-ol

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

central nervous system; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Repeated oral and inhalative exposure studies have shown that effects in target organs in both male rats (kidney) and male and female mice (thyroid gland) cannot be related to humans.

dimethyl ether

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No effects of the product known.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No effects of the product known.

Aspiration hazard

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Aspiration hazard No data available

Ethyl acetate

Aspiration hazard no classification

n-butyl acetate

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation No classification for aspiration toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Aspiration hazard

Not to be classified as aspirational.

propan-2-ol

Aspiration hazard; Evaluation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Danger of aspiration if swallowed - can get into the lungs and damage them.; Aspiration can lead to pulmonary edema and pneumonia.

dimethyl ether

Aspiration hazard

not applicable

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 2 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1,8 mg/L (48 h)

Fish toxicity, EC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 3,6 mg/L (96 h)

Fish toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 220 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 0,3 mg/L (21 d)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Scenedesmus capricornutum: 9,4 mg/L (72 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 2 mg/L (96 h)

Xvlene

Fish toxicity, LC50, fish: 2,6 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, IC50, Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Daphnia magna: 1,91 mg/L (21 d)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Method: OECD 211

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 t)

Method: OECD 301 F

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 230 mg/L (96 h)

Flow test; US-EPA

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: 610 mg/L (48 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia cucullata (Helmet water flea): 165 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 5600 mg/L (48 h)

Method: DIN 38412

Static test; end; Rate of growth

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 100 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Static test; end; Rate of growth

Bacteria toxicity, EC10, Photobacterium phosphoreum: 1650 mg/L (15 min.)

Static test; end; Rate of growth

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Photobacterium phosphoreum: 5870 mg/L (15 min.)

Static test; end; Rate of growth

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 5540 mg/L (96 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50, Alburnus alburnus (alburnum): 11000 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 8800 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Prorocentrum minimum: 430 mg/L (96 h)

Bacteria toxicity, EC12, Activated sludge: 1000 mg/L (30 min)

Method: OECD 209

Static test; end; respiratory inhibition

Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 7500 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia magna, EC50, Daphnia magna: > 100 mg/L

Fish toxicity, EC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill): 8300 mg/L (96 h) Fish toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 7500 mg/L (96 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 8120 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

n-butyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, ErC50

Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 647,7 mg/L (72 h)

(Growth inhibition)

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 200 mg/L

Bacteria toxicity, IC50, Tetrahymena: 356 mg/L (40 h)

propan-2-ol

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 9640 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, Daphnia magna: 9714 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

Static test

Algae toxicity, EC50, Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 100 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, LOEC:: 1000 mg/L (8 d)

Bacteria toxicity: 100 mg/L ; Evaluation No harmful effect

dimethyl ether

Fish toxicity, LC50: 4,1 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50: 4,4 mg/L (48 h) Algae toxicity, EC50: 155 mg/L (96 h)

Long-term Ecotoxicity

Xylene

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4,36 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, NOEC, fish: > 1,3 mg/L (56 d)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 1,17 mg/L (7 d)

Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna: 2,9 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,16 mg/L (21 d)

Method: OECD 211

Algae toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%", Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,72 mg/L (73 h)

Method: OECD 201

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); > 9.65 mg/L (32 d)

Method: OECD 211

semistatic Acetone

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia pulex (water flea): 2212 mg/L 0 - 2212 mg/L (28 d)

end: reproduction

Daphnia toxicity, LOEC:, Daphnia magna: 2212 mg/L (28 d) Daphnia magna, NOEC, Daphnia magna 1106 - 2212 mg/L (28 d)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Biodegradation: 5 percent (28 d): Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Method: OECD 301F

Xylene

Persistence and degradability:

Method: Rapid photochemical oxidation in air

Biodegradation: 98 percent (28 d)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

Ethyl acetate

Persistence and degradability: Evaluation The product evaporates easily from the water surface. Biodegradation: 79 percent (20 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301D

Related to: Biochemical oxygen demand

Acetone

Biodegradation: 91 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301B

n-butyl acetate

Persistence and degradability: Evaluation No data available

Biodegradation: 83 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301D

aerobic.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Persistence and degradability:

No data available

Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

propan-2-ol

Persistence and degradability:

Transformation by hydrolysis is not expected to be significant.

Biodegradation: 53 percent: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

aerobic; domestic waste water; related to: O2 consumption; exposure duration: 5d)(Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.5.

dimethyl ether

, Biodegradation: Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW):

No data available

Xvlene

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Ethyl acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 0,68 ; Evaluation Bioaccumulation is not to be expected.

Acetone

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): -0,24

n-butyl acetate

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW):

No data available

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2

propan-2-ol

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 0,05 ; Evaluation Bioaccumulation is not to be expected.

dimethyl ether

Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): < 4 ; Evaluation Due to the low log Kow value, bioaccumulation of the substance is not to be expected.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 31

Ethyl acetate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 30

Acetone

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3

Bioaccumulation is not to be expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average molecular weight ≤ 700

soil:

No data available

Xylene

soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water

Ethyl acetate

Water: Evaluation Swims on water and does not dissolve. Air: Evaluation Slightly volatile, quickly distributed in the air.

Acetone

soil:

Mobile in the ground

Water:

The product is water soluble.

Air:

Product is easily volatile.

n-butyl acetate

:

No data available

propan-2-ol

Water: Evaluation The product is water soluble.

soil: Evaluation Mobile in the ground

dimethyl ether

Soil-Water:

Due to its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause soil or water contamination.; Distribution in the soil is unlikely.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

160504* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package

Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Aerosols, flammable

Sea transport (IMDG): AEROSOLS

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

2.1

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable

Marine pollutant not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-D, S-U

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L): 682

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
204-065-8	dimethyl ether	01-2119472128-37
115-10-6		
200-662-2	Acetone	01-2119471330-49
67-64-1		
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
123-86-4		
200-661-7	propan-2-ol	01-2119457558-25
67-63-0		
215-535-7	Xylene	01-2119488216-32
1330-20-7		
203-603-9	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29
108-65-6		
205-500-4	Ethyl acetate	01-2119475103-46
141-78-6		
216-823-5	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) with average	01-2119456619-26
1675-54-3	molecular weight ≤ 700	
605-296-0	Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated., dimers, reaction products with	01-2119970640-38
162627-17-0	N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine	

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3

Flam. Gas 1 / H220	flammable gases	Extremely flammable gas.
Press. Gas	Gases under pressure	
Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
01: 0 4 / 11047	Description of the second transfer	Maria and a sur all and a string and a string

Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] Aerosol 1 Aerosol On basis of test data. Aerosol 1 Aerosol On basis of test data. Eye Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method.

Abbreviations and acronyms

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road **ADR**

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

Biological Limit Value **BLV** CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Classification, Labelling and Packaging CLP **CMR** Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DIN German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC **Effective Concentration** EC **European Community** ΕN European Standard

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.