

SAFETY DATA SHEET Stone Touch

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended., COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Stone Touch

Product number 440.0009436.076.09022015

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Vismara Unternehmungen CH-5000 Aarau www.farbladen.ch

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44(0) 844 736 2235

08:00 - 17:00 h (UK)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC/1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Stone Touch

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements P10

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Silica

Supplementary precautionary P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

statements

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

10-30%

CAS number: 64742-48-9 EC number: 265-150-3

Classification

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Silica 10-30%

Classification

STOT RE 2 - H373

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

5-10%

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

STOT SE 3 - H336

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Stone Touch

Butane 5-10%

CAS number: 106-97-8 EC number: 203-448-7

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

Titanium dioxide 1-5%

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Not Classified

Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether 1-5%

CAS number: 9004-62-0

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Not Classified

Ethanediol <1%

CAS number: 107-21-1 EC number: 203-473-3

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT RE 2 - H373

2-aminoethanol <1%

CAS number: 141-43-5 EC number: 205-483-3

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 STOT SE 3 - H335

Aluminium hydroxide <1%

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Not Classified

Stone Touch

Glycerol <1%

CAS number: 56-81-5 EC number: 200-289-5

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification
Not Classified

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one <1%

CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person warm and at rest. If in doubt, get medical

attention promptly.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of

water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness

and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause

nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. May

cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatmentsNo specific chemical antidote is known to be required after exposure to this product.

Stone Touch

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Pressurised container: may burst if heated The product is extremely flammable. In use may

form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides

of carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can

be done without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear chemical protective suit. Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is

inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray

and contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely. Avoid discharge into drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb spillage with oil-absorbing material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. During application and drying, solvent

vapours will be emitted. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the

aerosol vapours can be ignited.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from

heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Stone Touch

Occupational exposure limits

Silica

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust

Butane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

Titanium dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 20 mg/m³ inhalable dust

Ethanediol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ particulate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 52 mg/m³ vapour Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 40 ppm 104 mg/m³ vapour Sk

2-aminoethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 3 ppm 7.6 mg/m³ Sk

Aluminium hydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 mg/m³

Glycerol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ mist WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.

Hand protection

To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Stone Touch

Hygiene measures When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash

at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove

non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated.

Respiratory protection This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. If

ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Contains low-boiling liquids. Use an air-supplied respirator, if necessary. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is

possible.

Thermal hazards Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Off-white. Cream.

Odour Organic solvents.

pH Not relevant. The product is insoluble in water.

Melting point Not available. Technically not feasible.

Initial boiling point and range -42 °C - 0°C @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point < -60°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate No information available. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will

evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 10 %

Vapour pressure 1000 mbar @ 20°C

Vapour density > 1 Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Relative density ~ 0.85

Solubility(ies) Immiscible with water. Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.

Auto-ignition temperature ~450°C

Viscosity No information available.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

The product is extremely flammable.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Volatility Highly volatile.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stone Touch

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not applicable.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be

ignited. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures

or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include

the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data May cause defatting of the skin but is not an irritant. Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking.

Extreme pH Not relevant.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Stone Touch

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

Inhalation Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness

and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause

nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. May

cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of entry Inhalation Dermal

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Medical symptoms Fatigue. Headache. Coughing. Dry skin. Allergic rash.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL. 4 hours. Rabbit

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Not irritating.

damage/irritation REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Stone Touch

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroGene mutation: Negative.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 0.05 mL, Dermal, Mouse

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEC >20000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat P

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Fetotoxicity: - NOAEL: 23900 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 1402 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat, Mouse NOAEL 0.5 mL, Dermal, Mouse

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Propane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

800,000.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

800,000.0

Stone Touch

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroChromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Screening - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Stone Touch

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe

erythema (3). Oedema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by

definite raising (2).

REACH dossier information. Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

damage/irritation not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroGene mutation: Negative.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 0.05 mL, Dermal, Mouse

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

-

Two-generation study - NOAEC >20000 mg/m^3 , Inhalation, Rat P

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

oxicity - Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 23900 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Butane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Stone Touch

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Technically not feasible.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

539,600.0

Species Mouse

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

539,600.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Technically not feasible.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Not determined. Scientifically unjustified.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Fertility - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based

on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Stone Touch

Toxicity

The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Acute toxicity - fish LL₅₀, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 48 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EL50, 72 hours: 3.1 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early LL₅₀, 14 days: 5.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 21 days: 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Propane

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 27.98 mg/l, Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.22 mg/l, Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.71 mg/l, Estimated value.

Chronic toxicity - fish early No information available.

life stage

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Acute toxicity - fish LL₅₀, 96 hours: 8.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 48 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EL50, 72 hours: 3.1 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC

Degradability

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOELR, 48 hours: 2.6 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) LL₅o, 14 days: 5.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOELR, 21 days: 2.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Butane

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 24.1 mg/l,

Estimated value.

Stone Touch

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.2 mg/l,

invertebrates

Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.7 mg/l,

plants

Estimated value.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known. The product contains volatile organic

compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Volatile substances are

degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Stability (hydrolysis) No significant reaction in water.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 77%: 28 days

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Propane

Persistence and

degradability

Highly volatile.

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 1906 days

Stability (hydrolysis) Not applicable.

Biodegradation Water - 100%: 385.5 hours

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Phototransformation No information available.

Stability (hydrolysis) No significant reaction in water.

Biodegradation The substance is readily biodegradable.

REACH dossier information.

Butane

Phototransformation Not determined.

Stability (hydrolysis) No significant reaction in water.

Biodegradation Water - DT₅₀: 3.5 days

Estimated value.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: ~ 10-2500, Estimated value.

Propane

Stone Touch

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.09

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: ~ 10-2500, Estimated value.

Butane

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. The product

contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Mobility Volatile.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

- log Koc: ~ 2 @ 20°C Estimated value.

Propane

Mobility Highly volatile.

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Mobility Volatile.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - log Koc: ~ 2 @ 20°C

Butane

Mobility The product is insoluble in water. Highly volatile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Propane

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Stone Touch

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

Butane

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Other adverse effects None known.

Propane

Other adverse effects None known.

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Other adverse effects None known.

Butane

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. When handling waste, the safety

precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Do not puncture or

incinerate, even when empty. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.

Disposal methodsDo not empty into drains. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with

local regulations

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste

disposal authorities.

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008

on waste and repealing certain Directives.

Waste class Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. [08 01 11*] / [20 01 27*]

SECTION 14: Transport information

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal

documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (ADN) 1950

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) Aerosols, flammable

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2 (5F)

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on

waste and repealing certain Directives.

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Health and environmental listings

Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants (as amended). Regulation (EC) 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals (as amended).

None of the ingredients are listed.

Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

SEVESO P3a - Lower tier 150 tonnes, Upper tier 500 tonnes.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.

Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

Classification abbreviations

Aerosol = Aerosol

and acronyms

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Bridging principle (Aerosols). STOT RE 2 - H373, Aquatic Chronic 3 -

H412, EUH208: Calculation method. EUH066: Expert judgement.

Revision date 09/03/2016

Revision 3

Supersedes date 09/02/2015

SDS number 1013

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Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.